# **Beacon Investment Funds**

Beacon Accelerated Return Strategy Fund Institutional Class BARLX

Beacon Planned Return Strategy Fund Institutional Class BPRLX



As with all mutual funds, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

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# Beacon Accelerated Return Strategy Fund (the "Fund")

## **Investment Objective**

The Fund seeks to deliver capital appreciation and generate positive alpha.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. Information about sales charge discounts is available from your financial professional and in the "Buying and Redeeming Shares" section of the Prospectus and the "Purchase, Exchange and Redemption of Shares" section of the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI").

	Institutional Class
Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	
Maximum sales charge (Load) imposed on purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (Load)	None
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed, if you sell or exchange your shares within 60 days of purchase)	2.00%
Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentag of the value of your investment)	е
Management Fees	1.00%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Total Other Expenses	0.28%
Other Expenses	0.24%
Shareholder Servicing	0.03%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.28%

#### Example

This example is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The example takes into consideration the agreement by the Adviser to waive fees and reimburse expenses for the contractual period only.

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Although your actual costs may be higher or lower,				
based on these assumptions your costs would be:	\$130	\$406	\$702	\$1,543

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
You would pay the following expenses if				
you did not redeem your shares:	\$130	\$406	\$702	\$1,543

# Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. A higher turnover rate may also result in additional income taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 0% of the average value of its portfolio.

## Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

The Fund seeks to outperform U.S. equity markets in modestly rising market environments, to capture most of the equity returns in strong bull markets, and attempt to generate returns that approximate the U.S. equity markets in falling markets, gross of fees.

The Fund seeks to capture returns through a systematic investment process of obtaining exposure to the U.S. equity markets primarily through the options markets. "Accelerated return" refers to the Fund's goal of seeking to enhance (accelerate) returns relative to the returns of the U.S. equity indices through the purchase and sale of call options.

The Fund employs a long/short equity strategy by following a disciplined and systematic investment process. The returns sought to be generated by the strategy are derived from two distinct elements:

- returns from directional market movements; and
- returns from option premium or income.

The "directional market movement" element refers to capturing equity-like returns over the longrun through direct exposure to the U.S. equity markets, which can provide capital appreciation. The "option premium or income" element refers to collecting income by selling call options on the U.S. equity indices.

The Fund's investment objectives are capital appreciation and alpha generation. The Fund aims to achieve its investment objective of capital appreciation by Investing in call options that replicate the returns of the broad U.S. equity indices. The Fund aims to achieve its investment objective of alpha generation by purchasing and selling call options on U.S. equity indices to enhance the returns and generate premium income. Alpha is the outperformance or underperformance of a portfolio relative to the stock market. Alpha generation means outperforming the U.S. equity index.

The Fund aims to achieve its investment objective through the systematic purchase of rolling investments, which we call "tranches." Each investment is made up of long and short call options traded on the performance of a broad market index. The Fund invests in approximately 10-12 unique tranches with 10-12 unique expiration dates, which are distinct investments of call options that mature and roll on an ongoing basis. The use of multiple tranches benefits the Fund investors by providing multiple entry and exit points for each investment. It also takes advantage of market volatility and helps investors avoid the market timing risk by spreading investments and risk over time.

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective principally by investing in the following:

**Options.** The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in derivative securities, including listed and Flexible Exchange Options ("FLEX Options"). The Fund may purchase and write (i.e. sell) "put" and "call" options that are traded on national securities exchanges, as well as on electronic communications networks. In general, options can be used in many ways, such as to increase market exposure (which would have the effect of leverage without actual borrowing), to reduce overall market exposure and reduce risk (i.e., for hedging purposes), to increase the portfolio's current income, or to reduce the cost basis of a new position. The Fund may also utilize certain options, such as various types of index or "market basket" options, in an effort to hedge against certain market-related risks, as the Adviser deems appropriate. The Fund believes that the use of options may help reduce risk and enhance investment performance.

<u>ETFs</u>. The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in ETFs. The Fund expects to generally invest in ETFs that represent an interest in a portfolio of securities selected to replicate a US equity index.

**Equities.** The Fund may invest in equity securities consistent with the Fund's investment objective and strategies. An equity security, or stock, represents a proportionate share of the ownership of a company; its value is based on the success of the company's business, any income paid to stockholders, the value of its assets, and general market conditions. Common stocks and preferred stocks are examples of equity securities. Equity securities, such as common stocks, represent shares of ownership of a corporation. Preferred stocks are equity securities that often pay dividends at a specific rate and have a preference over common stocks in dividend payments and liquidation of assets. Some preferred stocks may be convertible into common stock. Convertible securities are securities (such as debt securities or preferred stock) that may be converted into or exchanged for a specified amount of common stock of the same or different issuer within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula.

# Principal Risks of the Fund

As with any mutual fund, there are risks to investing. There is no guarantee that the Fund will meet its investment objective. The following is a description of the principal risks of the Fund, which may adversely affect its net asset value and total return. There are other circumstances (including additional risks that are not described herein) which could prevent the Fund from achieving its investment objective.

**Market Risk:** The market price of a security or instrument may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as the impact of inflation on the economy, supply chain disruptions, real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions throughout the world, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates, natural disasters, war, the spread of infectious illness or other public issues, or adverse investor sentiment generally. The market value of a security or instrument also may decline because of factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

**Management Risk:** The Fund's success will depend on the management of the Adviser and on the skill and acumen of the Adviser's personnel.

**Options Risk:** The Fund may invest in options. Options transactions may be effected on securities exchanges or in the over-the-counter market. When options are purchased over-the-counter, the Fund bears the risk that the counter-party that wrote the option will be unable or unwilling to perform its obligations under the option contract. Such options may also be illiquid, and in such cases, the Fund may have difficulty closing out its option positions.

**Derivative Instruments Risk:** The Fund may invest in derivative instruments. These are financial instruments that derive their performance from the performance of an underlying asset, index, and interest rate or currency exchange rate. Derivatives can be volatile and involve various types and degrees of risks, depending upon the characteristics of a particular derivative. Derivatives may entail investment exposures that are greater than their cost would suggest, meaning that a small investment in a derivative could have a large potential impact on the performance of the Fund. The Fund could experience a loss if derivatives do not perform as anticipated, are not correlated with the performance of other investments that they are used to hedge or if the Fund is unable to liquidate a position because of an illiquid secondary market. The market for many derivatives is, or suddenly can become, illiquid. Changes in liquidity may result in significant, rapid and unpredictable changes in the prices for derivatives.

*Equity Securities Risk*: The Fund will invest in equity securities. Equity securities represent ownership in a company. Stock markets are volatile. The price of equity securities will fluctuate and can decline and reduce the value of a portfolio investing in equity securities. The value of equity securities purchased by the Fund could decline if the financial condition of the companies the Fund invests in declines or if overall market and economic conditions deteriorate. The value of equity securities may also decline due to factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or an increase in production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

In addition, the value may decline due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a company or industry, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates, natural disasters, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues, or generally adverse investor sentiment.

*ETF Liquidity Risk:* In certain circumstances, such as the disruption of the orderly markets for the securities or financial instruments in which an ETF invests, an ETF might not be able to dispose of certain holdings quickly or at prices that represent true market value in the judgment of the ETF investment managers. Such a situation may prevent an ETF from limiting losses, realizing gains or achieving a high correlation or inverse correlation with its underlying index.

**ETF and Shares of Other Investment Companies Risk:** The Fund may invest in shares of other investment companies, including ETFs, as a means to pursue its investment objective. As a result of this policy, your cost of investing in the Fund will generally be higher than the cost of investing directly in such investment companies. You will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by such investment companies in addition to the Fund's direct fees and expenses. Furthermore, the use of this strategy could affect the timing, amount and character of distributions to you and therefore may increase the amount of taxes payable by you. In addition to the risks of investing in an investment company, the price of an ETF can fluctuate within a wide range, and the Fund could lose money when investing in an ETF if the prices of the securities owned by the ETF go down. Additionally, the market price of the ETF's shares may trade at a discount to their net asset value, an active trading market for an ETF's shares may not develop or be maintained, and trading of an ETF's shares may be halted if the listing exchange's officials deem such action appropriate, the shares are de-listed from the exchange or the activation of market-wide "circuit breakers" (which are tied to large changes in stock prices) halts stock trading generally. Additionally, ETFs have management fees, which increase their cost.

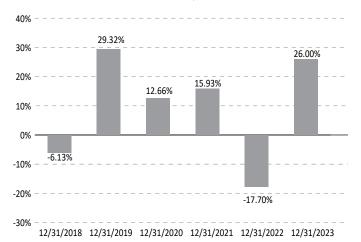
**Non-Diversification Risk:** The Fund is classified as a "non-diversified" investment company under the 1940 Act, which means that it may invest more of its assets in the securities of a single issuer or a smaller number of issuers than if it were a "diversified fund". To the extent the Fund invests a significant percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers, the Fund is subject to the risks

of investing in those few issuers, and may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence. As a result, changes in the market value of a single security could cause greater fluctuations in the value of Fund shares than would occur in a diversified fund.

It is possible to lose money on an investment in the Fund. Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of any bank, are not endorsed or guaranteed by any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

#### Performance Information

The following information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing how the Fund's performance has varied over time. The bar chart depicts the change in performance from year to year during the periods indicated. The bar chart figures do not include any applicable sales charges that investors may pay when they buy or sell shares of the Fund. If sales charges were included, the returns would be lower. The performance table compares the average annual returns of the Fund's Institutional Class to a broad-based securities market index for the periods indicated. The index is not actively managed and is not available for direct investment. The bar charts and performance tables assume reinvestment of dividends and distributions. The Fund's past performance does not necessarily indicate how it will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website at www.beacontrust.com or by calling 1-844-894-9222.



#### Annual Total Returns (For the calendar years ended 12/31) – Institutional Class Shares

The year-to-date return as of December 31, 2023 was 26.00%.

Best Quarter – 6/30/20	19.40%
Worst Quarter – 3/31/20	-18.60%

	1 Year	5 Year	Since Inception (October 2, 2017)
Institutional Class			
Return Before Taxes	26.00%	11.86%	9.02%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	26.00%	9.76%	6.60%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	15.39%	8.91%	6.40%
CBOE S&P 500 BuyWrite Index <sup>(1)</sup> (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	11.82%	6.08%	4.46%

# Average Annual Total Returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2023)

<sup>(1)</sup> The CBOE S&P 500 BuyWrite Index is a benchmark index designed to track the performance of a hypothetical buy-write strategy on the S&P 500 Index.

After-tax returns are calculated using the historically highest individual U.S. federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your individual tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. The after-tax return information shown above does not apply to Fund shares held through a tax-advantaged account, such as a 401(k) plan or an IRA.

## **Investment Adviser**

Beacon Investment Advisory Services, Inc. is the investment adviser to the Fund.

#### **Portfolio Managers**

The Fund is managed by the following co-portfolio managers:

Portfolio Managers	Period of Service with the Fund	Primary Title
John Longo, PhD, CFA	Since Inception (October 2, 2017)	Chief Investment Officer
Christopher Shagawat, CFA	Since Inception (October 2, 2017)	Senior Vice President

#### Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

The Fund offers one class of shares: Institutional Class. You may purchase, exchange or redeem Fund shares on any business day by written request via mail Beacon Accelerated Return Strategy Fund, c/o ALPS Fund Services, Inc., 1290 Broadway, Suite 1000, Denver, CO 80203, by telephone at 1-844-894-9222, or through a financial intermediary. You may also purchase and redeem Fund shares by wire transfer. Investors who wish to purchase, exchange or redeem Fund shares through a financial intermediary directly.

The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts are shown below. For a description of the Fund's Institutional Class shares, see "Buying and Redeeming Shares."

Type of Account	To Open Your Account	To Add to Your Account
Institutional Class	\$1,000,000	\$1,000

Current clients of the Advisor who purchase Institutional Class shares may be eligible for a waiver of the minimum initial investment amount. See "Buying and Redeeming Shares."

## **Tax Information**

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, the Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income, capital gain, qualified dividend income or section 199A dividends, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) or other tax-advantaged investment plan. Withdrawals from such a tax-advantaged investment plan will be subject to special tax rules.

# Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# Beacon Planned Return Strategy Fund (the "Fund")

## **Investment Objective**

The Fund seeks to deliver capital preservation and capital appreciation.

## Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. Information about sales charge discounts is available from your financial professional and in the "Buying and Redeeming Shares" section of the Prospectus and the "Purchase, Exchange and Redemption of Shares" section of the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI").

	Institutional Class
Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)	
Maximum sales charge (Load) imposed on purchases	
(as a percentage of offering price)	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (Load)	None
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed, if you sell	
or exchange your shares within 60 days of purchase)	2.00%
<b>Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b> (expenses that you pay each year as a percentag of the value of your investment)	е
Management Fees	1.00%
Distribution and Service (12b-1) Fees	None
Total Other Expenses	0.21%
Other Expenses	0.17%
Shareholder Servicing	0.04%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.21%

#### Example

This example is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The example takes into consideration the agreement by the Adviser to waive fees and reimburse expenses for the contractual period only.

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:	\$123	\$384	\$665	\$1,464
	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years

#### Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. A higher turnover rate may also result in additional income taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 0% of the average value of its portfolio.

#### Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

The Fund seeks to capture most of the returns generated by U.S. equity markets in rising markets, and to protect against the market losses in declining markets.

This strategy utilizes a multi-pronged approach that seeks to provide equity-like returns in most market environments with bond-like volatility. The Fund's investment strategy aims to provide a cushion against certain losses in the U.S. equity markets. The Fund seeks to accomplish its goal of mitigating downside risk in the equity markets by hedging the portfolio through the purchase of put options. Each put option helps to protect against losses in the U.S. equity indices.

"Planned return" refers to the Fund's goal of seeking to achieve a designated level of return with a designated level of risk through the use of call and put options.

The Fund employs a long/short equity strategy by following a disciplined and systematic investment process.

The returns sought to be generated by the strategy are derived from three distinct elements:

- returns from directional market movements,
- returns from option premium or income, and
- returns from the hedge component that creates downside protection.

The "directional market movement" component of returns is generated by the purchase of "deepin-the-money" call options (call options that have a strike price below the market price of the underlying asset) and "at-the-money" call options (call options that have a strike price equal to the price of the underlying asset), which can provide capital appreciation. The "option premium or income" component of returns is generated by the sale of call and put options, which can provide portfolio income. The "hedge component" of returns is generated by the purchase of put options, which help to provide downside protection against losses in falling markets.

A call option gives the purchaser of the call option, in return for a premium paid, the right to buy, and the writer (seller) of the call option the obligation to sell, the security underlying the option at a specified exercise price within a specified time frame. A put option gives the purchaser of the put option, in return for a premium paid, the right to sell, and the writer (seller) of the put option the obligation to buy, the underlying security of the put option at a specified price within a specified time frame.

Put options allow investors to reduce U.S. equity market risk. Call options allow investors to participate in U.S. equity market growth.

The Fund aims to achieve its investment objective through the systematic purchase of rolling investments, which we call "tranches." Each investment is made up of long and short call and put options traded on the performance of a broad market index. The Fund invests in approximately 10-12 unique

tranches with 10-12 unique expiration dates, which are distinct investments of call and put options that mature and roll on an ongoing basis. In other words, at any given time, the Fund will generally have one tranche with options expiring in approximately one month, a second tranche expiring in approximately two months, and so on, up to a twelfth tranche expiring in approximately twelve months. Each month, a previously purchased tranche's options will generally expire, be exercised, or be sold at or near their expiration, and the proceeds generally are used to purchase (or roll into) a new tranche of options expiring in approximately twelve months. The use of multiple tranches benefits the Fund investors by providing multiple entry and exit points for each investment. It also takes advantage of market volatility and helps investors avoid the market timing risk by spreading investments and risk over time.

During periods of high volatility, which may coincide with market lows, options pricing may allow for a greater level of target return for a given level of downside protection. During periods of low volatility, which may coincide with market highs, market pricing may support lower target returns while maintaining the target level of downside protection. Therefore, the tranches generally seek higher target returns from market lows while maintaining downside protection at market highs.

Estimated returns for tranches of options assume the options are held until their expiration. If options are not held until expiration, returns may be higher or lower than estimates.

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective principally by investing in the following:

**Options.** The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in derivative securities, including listed and Flexible Exchange Options ("FLEX Options"). The Fund may purchase and write (i.e. sell) "put" and "call" options that are traded on national securities exchanges, as well as on electronic communications networks. In general, options can be used in many ways, such as to increase market exposure (which would have the effect of leverage without actual borrowing), to reduce overall market exposure and reduce risk (i.e., for hedging purposes), to increase the portfolio's current income, or to reduce the cost basis of a new position. The Fund may also utilize certain options, such as various types of index or "market basket" options, in an effort to hedge against certain market-related risks, as the Adviser deems appropriate. The Fund believes that the use of options may help reduce risk and enhance investment performance.

<u>ETFs.</u> The Fund may invest a portion of its assets in ETFs. The Fund expects to generally invest in ETFs that represent an interest in a portfolio of securities selected to replicate a US equity index.

**Equities.** The Fund may invest in equity securities consistent with the Fund's investment objective and strategies. An equity security, or stock, represents a proportionate share of the ownership of a company; its value is based on the success of the company's business, any income paid to stockholders, the value of its assets, and general market conditions. Common stocks and preferred stocks are examples of equity securities. Equity securities, such as common stocks, represent shares of ownership of a corporation. Preferred stocks are equity securities that often pay dividends at a specific rate and have a preference over common stocks in dividend payments and liquidation of assets. Some preferred stocks may be convertible into common stock. Convertible securities are securities (such as debt securities or preferred stock) that may be converted into or exchanged for a specified amount of common stock of the same or different issuer within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula.

# Principal Risks of the Fund

As with any mutual fund, there are risks to investing. There is no guarantee that the Fund will meet its investment objective. The following is a description of the principal risks of the Fund, which may adversely affect its net asset value and total return. There are other circumstances (including additional risks that are not described herein) which could prevent the Fund from achieving its investment objective.

**Market Risk**: The market price of a security or instrument may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as the impact of inflation on the economy, supply chain disruptions, real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions throughout the world, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates, natural disasters, war, the spread of infectious illness or other public issues, or adverse investor sentiment generally. The market value of a security or instrument also may decline because of factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

**Management Risk:** The Fund's success will depend on the management of the Adviser and on the skill and acumen of the Adviser's personnel.

**Options Risk:** The Fund may invest in options. Options transactions may be effected on securities exchanges or in the over-the-counter market. When options are purchased over-the-counter, the Fund bears the risk that the counter-party that wrote the option will be unable or unwilling to perform its obligations under the option contract. Such options may also be illiquid, and in such cases, the Fund may have difficulty closing out its option positions.

**Derivative Instruments Risk:** The Fund may invest in derivative instruments. These are financial instruments that derive their performance from the performance of an underlying asset, index, and interest rate or currency exchange rate. Derivatives can be volatile and involve various types and degrees of risks, depending upon the characteristics of a particular derivative. Derivatives may entail investment exposures that are greater than their cost would suggest, meaning that a small investment in a derivative could have a large potential impact on the performance of the Fund. The Fund could experience a loss if derivatives do not perform as anticipated, are not correlated with the performance of other investments that they are used to hedge or if the Fund is unable to liquidate a position because of an illiquid secondary market. The market for many derivatives is, or suddenly can become, illiquid. Changes in liquidity may result in significant, rapid and unpredictable changes in the prices for derivatives.

*Equity Securities Risk:* The Fund will invest in equity securities. Equity securities represent ownership in a company. Stock markets are volatile. The price of equity securities will fluctuate and can decline and reduce the value of a portfolio investing in equity securities. The value of equity securities purchased by the Fund could decline if the financial condition of the companies the Fund invests in declines or if overall market and economic conditions deteriorate. The value of equity securities may also decline due to factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or an increase in production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

In addition, the value may decline due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a company or industry, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates, natural disasters, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues, or generally adverse investor sentiment. *ETF Liquidity Risk:* In certain circumstances, such as the disruption of the orderly markets for the securities or financial instruments in which an ETF invests, an ETF might not be able to dispose of certain holdings quickly or at prices that represent true market value in the judgment of the ETF investment managers. Such a situation may prevent an ETF from limiting losses, realizing gains or achieving a high correlation or inverse correlation with its underlying index.

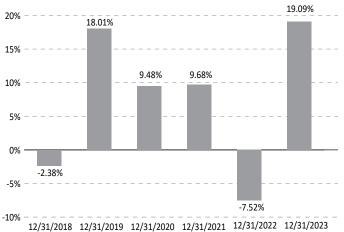
**ETF and Shares of Other Investment Companies Risk:** The Fund may invest in shares of other investment companies, including ETFs, as a means to pursue its investment objective. As a result of this policy, your cost of investing in the Fund will generally be higher than the cost of investing directly in such investment companies. You will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by such investment companies in addition to the Fund's direct fees and expenses. Furthermore, the use of this strategy could affect the timing, amount and character of distributions to you and therefore may increase the amount of taxes payable by you. In addition to the risks of investing in an investment company, the price of an ETF can fluctuate within a wide range, and the Fund could lose money when investing in an ETF if the prices of the securities owned by the ETF go down. Additionally, the market price of the ETF's shares may trade at a discount to their net asset value, an active trading market for an ETF's shares may not develop or be maintained, and trading of an ETF's shares may be halted if the listing exchange's officials deem such action appropriate, the shares are de-listed from the exchange or the activation of market-wide "circuit breakers" (which are tied to large changes in stock prices) halts stock trading generally. Additionally, ETFs have management fees, which increase their cost.

**Non-Diversification Risk**: The Fund is classified as a "non-diversified" investment company under the 1940 Act, which means that it may invest more of its assets in the securities of a single issuer or a smaller number of issuers than if it were a "diversified fund". To the extent the Fund invests a significant percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers, the Fund is subject to the risks of investing in those few issuers, and may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence. As a result, changes in the market value of a single security could cause greater fluctuations in the value of Fund shares than would occur in a diversified fund.

It is possible to lose money on an investment in the Fund. Investments in the Fund are not deposits or obligations of any bank, are not endorsed or guaranteed by any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board or any other government agency.

# Performance Information

The following information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing how the Fund's performance has varied over time. The bar chart depicts the change in performance from year to year during the periods indicated. The bar chart figures do not include any applicable sales charges that investors may pay when they buy or sell shares of the Fund. If sales charges were included, the returns would be lower. The performance table compares the average annual returns of the Fund's Institutional Class to a broad-based securities market index for the periods indicated. The index is not actively managed and is not available for direct investment. The bar charts and performance tables assume reinvestment of dividends and distributions. The Fund's past performance does not necessarily indicate how it will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available on the Fund's website at www.beacontrust.com or by calling the Adviser at (973) 337-8090.



Annual Total Returns (For the calendar years ended 12/31) - Institutional Class Shares

#### The year-to-date return as of December 31, 2023 was 19.09%.

Best Quarter – 6/30/20	13.83%
Worst Quarter – 3/31/20	-12.85%

#### Average Annual Total Returns (for the periods ended December 31, 2023)

	1 Year	5 Years	Since Inception (October 2, 2017)
Institutional Class			
Return Before Taxes	19.09%	9.31%	7.35%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	17.21%	7.45%	5.47%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	12.10%	6.88%	5.27%
CBOE S&P 500 BuyWrite Index <sup>(1)</sup> (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	11.82%	6.08%	4.46%

<sup>(1)</sup> The CBOE S&P 500 BuyWrite Index is a benchmark index designed to track the performance of a hypothetical buy-write strategy on the S&P 500 Index.

After-tax returns are calculated using the historically highest individual U.S. federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on your individual tax situation and may differ from those shown in the preceding table. The after-tax return information shown above does not apply to Fund shares held through a tax-advantaged account, such as a 401(k) plan or an IRA.

#### Investment Adviser

Beacon Investment Advisory Services, Inc. is the investment adviser to the Fund.

#### **Portfolio Managers**

The Fund is managed by the following co-portfolio managers:

Portfolio Managers	Period of Service with the Fund	Primary Title
John Longo, PhD, CFA	Since Inception (October 2, 2017)	Chief Investment Officer
Christopher Shagawat, CFA	Since Inception (October 2, 2017)	Senior Vice President

# Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

The Fund offers one class of shares: Institutional Class. You may purchase, exchange or redeem Fund shares on any business day by written request via mail Beacon Planned Return Strategy Fund, c/o ALPS Fund Services, Inc., 1290 Broadway, Suite 1000, Denver, CO 80203, by telephone at 1-844-894-9222, or through a financial intermediary. You may also purchase and redeem Fund shares by wire transfer. Investors who wish to purchase, exchange or redeem Fund shares through a financial intermediary directly.

The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts are shown below. For a description of the Fund's Institutional Class shares, see "Buying and Redeeming Shares."

Type of Account	To Open Your Account	To Add to Your Account
Institutional Class	\$1,000,000	\$1,000

Current clients of the Advisor who purchase Institutional Class shares may be eligible for a waiver of the minimum initial investment amount. See "Buying and Redeeming Shares."

# Tax Information

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, the Fund's distributions may be taxable as ordinary income, capital gain, qualified dividend income or section 199A dividends, except when your investment is in an IRA, 401(k) or other tax-advantaged investment plan. Withdrawals from such a tax-advantaged investment plan will be subject to special tax rules.

#### **Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries**

If you purchase the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

# INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

This section describes the investment objectives and principal investment strategies of each of the Beacon Accelerated Return Strategy Fund and the Beacon Planned Return Strategy Fund (each, a "Fund," and collectively, the "Funds"). See "**MORE ON EACH FUND'S INVESTMENTS AND RELATED RISKS**" in this Prospectus and the Statement of Additional Information for more information about the Funds' investments and the risks of investing.

## What is each Fund's Investment Objective?

The Beacon Accelerated Return Strategy Fund's investment objective is to seek to deliver capital appreciation and generate positive alpha.

The Beacon Planned Return Strategy Fund's investment objective is to seek to deliver capital preservation and capital appreciation.

While there is no assurance that the Funds will achieve their investment objectives, the Funds endeavor to do so by following the strategies and policies described in this Prospectus.

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") may change a Fund's name, investment objectives or principal investment strategies without a shareholder vote. A Fund will notify you in writing at least sixty (60) days before making any such change. If there is a material change to a Fund's investment objectives or principal investment strategies, you should consider whether that Fund remains an appropriate investment for you.

#### What are Each Fund's Principal Investment Strategies?

#### **Beacon Accelerated Return Strategy Fund**

The Fund seeks to outperform U.S. equity markets in modestly rising market environments, to capture most of the equity returns in strong bull markets, and attempt to generate returns that approximate the U.S. equity markets in falling markets, gross of fees.

The Fund seeks to capture returns through a systematic investment process of obtaining exposure to the U.S. equity markets primarily through the options markets. "Accelerated return" refers to the Fund's goal of seeking to enhance (accelerate) returns relative to the returns of the U.S. equity indices through the purchase and sale of call options.

The Fund employs a long/short equity strategy by following a disciplined and systematic investment process. The returns sought to be generated by the strategy are derived from two distinct elements:

- returns from directional market movements; and
- returns from option premium or income.

The "directional market movement" element refers to capturing equity-like returns over the longrun through direct exposure to the U.S. equity markets, which can provide capital appreciation. The "option premium or income" element refers to collecting income by selling call options on the U.S. equity indices. A call option gives the purchaser of the call option, in return for a premium paid, the right to buy, and the writer (seller) of the call option the obligation to sell, the security underlying the option at a specified exercise price within a specified time frame. The "directional market movement" component of returns is generated by the purchase of "deepin-the money" call options (call options that have a strike price below the market price of the underlying asset) and "at-the-money" call options (call options that have a strike price equal to the price of the underlying asset). Purchasing call options on U.S. equity markets can provide capital appreciation and return enhancement based on the upward movement in U.S. equity prices. The "option premium or income" component of returns is generated by the sale of call options, which can provide portfolio income.

The Fund's investment objectives are capital appreciation and alpha generation. The Fund aims to achieve its investment objective of capital appreciation by investing in call options that replicate the returns of the broad U.S. equity indices. The Fund aims to achieve its investment objective of alpha generation by purchasing and selling call options on U.S. equity indices to enhance the returns and generate premium income. Alpha is the outperformance or underperformance of a portfolio relative to the stock market. Alpha generation means outperforming the U.S. equity index.

Through a disciplined process of buying and selling call options on market exposure, the Fund seeks to provide investors with targeted and enhanced returns based upon a bullish market outlook. The Fund allows investors with positive views on the stock market to participate in the market growth and periodically outperform the markets, without any increase in risk or volatility over the U.S. equity indices. It seeks to improve the overall alpha generation of investor portfolios.

In rising market environments, the Fund seeks to produce equity-like returns with outperformance relative to market benchmark in some environments. In falling markets, the Fund seeks to mitigate losses such that the losses are no greater than the losses incurred by the market benchmark. In sideways markets, the Fund may seek to produce positive returns through the sale of call options, which can provide portfolio income.

The Fund aims to achieve its investment objective through the systematic purchase of rolling investments, which we call "tranches." Each investment is made up of long and short call options traded on the performance of a broad market index. The Fund invests in approximately 10-12 unique tranches with 10-12 unique expiration dates, which are distinct investments of call options that mature and roll on an ongoing basis. In other words, at any given time, the Fund will generally have one tranche with options expiring in approximately one month, a second tranche expiring in approximately two months, and so on, up to a twelfth tranche expiring in approximately twelve months. Each month, a previously purchased tranche's options will generally expire, be exercised, or be sold at or near their expiration, and the proceeds generally are used to purchase (or roll into) a new tranche of options expiring in approximately twelve months. The use of multiple tranches benefits the Fund investors by providing multiple entry and exit points for each investment. It also takes advantage of market volatility and helps investors avoid the market timing risk by spreading investments and risk over time.

During periods of high volatility, which may coincide with market lows, options pricing may allow for a greater level of return enhancement up to a target level. During periods of low volatility, which may coincide with market highs, market pricing may support lower return enhancement while maintaining the target level of absolute returns (i.e. the returns an asset achieves over a certain period of time). Therefore, the tranches generally seek higher target returns from market lows while maintaining target returns at market highs. Estimated returns for tranches of options assume the options are held until their expiration. If options are not held until expiration, returns may be higher or lower than estimates.

## **Beacon Planned Return Strategy Fund**

The Fund seeks to capture most of the returns generated by U.S. equity markets in rising markets, and to protect against the market losses in declining markets.

This strategy utilizes a multi-pronged approach that seeks to provide equity-like returns in most market environments with bond-like volatility. The Fund's investment strategy aims to provide a cushion against certain losses in the U.S. equity markets. The Fund seeks to accomplish its goal of mitigating downside risk in the equity markets by hedging the portfolio through the purchase of put options. Each put option helps to protect against losses in the U.S. equity indices.

"Planned return" refers to the Fund's goal of seeking to achieve a designated level of return with a designated level of risk through the use of call and put options.

The Fund employs a long/short equity strategy by following a disciplined and systematic investment process. The returns sought to be generated by the strategy are derived from three distinct elements;

- returns from directional market movements,
- returns from option premium or income, and
- returns from the hedge component that creates downside protection.

The "directional market movement" component of returns is generated by the purchase of "deepin-the money" call options (call options that have a strike price below the market price of the underlying asset) and "at-the-money" call options (call options that have a strike price equal to the price of the underlying asset), which can provide capital appreciation. The "option premium or income" component of returns is generated by the sale of call and put options, which can provide portfolio income. The "hedge component" of returns is generated by the purchase of put options, which help to provide downside protection against losses in falling markets.

A call option gives the purchaser of the call option, in return for a premium paid, the right to buy, and the writer (seller) of the call option the obligation to sell, the security underlying the option at a specified exercise price within a specified time frame. A put option gives the purchaser of the put option, in return for a premium paid, the right to sell, and the writer (seller) of the put option the obligation to buy, the underlying security of the put option at a specified price within a specified time frame.

Put options allow investors to reduce U.S. equity market risk. Call options allow investors to participate in U.S. equity market growth.

The Fund's investment objectives are capital preservation and capital appreciation. The Fund aims to achieve its investment objective of capital preservation by purchasing put options against the U.S. equity indices. The Fund aims to achieve its investment objective of capital appreciation by purchasing call options on U.S. equity indices and collecting premium income from selling call and put options against the U.S. equity indices.

Through a disciplined process of buying and selling call and put options on market exposure, the Fund seeks to provide investors with targeted returns and reduced risk. The Fund aims to provide investors with moderate/cautious views on the stock market the opportunity to participate in the

market growth, reduce downside risk, and generate option premium income. The Fund seeks to allow investors to achieve a better balance of overall portfolio risk and return, and provide a return differentiator with strong volatility reduction elements.

In rising market environments, the Fund seeks to produce equity-like returns, but will underperform unhedged or long-only equity strategies in a strong bull market. In falling markets, the Fund can lose money, but any losses are sought to be less severe than unhedged or long-only equity strategies. In sideways markets, the Fund seeks to exceed returns of the overall equity markets by capturing intracycle market volatility through monthly dollar cost averaging and by selling call options to collect premium income. The Fund seeks to have significantly lower volatility than the broad U.S. equity indices in all market environments.

The Fund aims to achieve its investment objective through the systematic purchase of rolling investments, which we call "tranches." Each investment is made up of long and short call and put options traded on the performance of a broad market index. The Fund invests in approximately 10-12 unique tranches with 10-12 unique expiration dates, which are distinct investments of call and put options that mature and roll on an ongoing basis. In other words, at any given time, the Fund will generally have one tranche with options expiring in approximately one month, a second tranche expiring in approximately two months, and so on, up to a twelfth tranche expiring in approximately twelve months. Each month, a previously purchased tranche's options will generally expire, be exercised, or be sold at or near their expiration, and the proceeds generally are used to purchase (or roll into) a new tranche of options expiring in approximately twelve months. The use of multiple tranches benefits the Fund investors by providing multiple entry and exit points for each investment. It also takes advantage of market volatility and helps investors avoid the market timing risk by spreading investments and risk over time.

During periods of high volatility, which may coincide with market lows, options pricing may allow for a greater level of target return for a given level of downside protection. During periods of low volatility, which may coincide with market highs, market pricing may support lower target returns while maintaining the target level of downside protection. Therefore, the tranches generally seek higher target returns from market lows while maintaining downside protection at market highs.

Estimated returns for tranches of options assume the options are held until their expiration. If options are not held until expiration, returns may be higher or lower than estimates.

Each Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective principally by investing in the following:

**Options.** The Funds expect to utilize FLEX Options, the value of which may be linked to broad-based securities indices (such as the S&P 500<sup>®</sup>) or proxies for such indices (such as ETFs that track the S&P 500<sup>®</sup>) (an "Index Proxy"). The FLEX Options each Fund expects to utilize are classified as "section 1256 contracts" under section 1256 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). Each contract held by a taxpayer at the end of the tax year that is classified as a section 1256 contract will be treated as if it was sold for its fair market value. 60% of the gain or loss is reported as long-term capital gain or loss, and 40% of the gain or loss is reported as short-term capital gain or loss. The value of an Index Proxy is subject to change as the values of the component securities of the reference index fluctuate. An Index Proxy for a broad-based securities index may not exactly match the performance of the reference index due to cash drag, differences between the portfolio of the Index Proxy and the components of the reference index, expenses and other factors. Certain options

on an Index Proxy may not qualify as section 1256 contracts under the Code, and disposition of such options will likely result in short-term or long-term capital gains or losses depending on the holding period.

An index call option is a contract that entitles the purchaser to receive from the seller a cash payment equal to the amount of any appreciation in the value of the reference index over a fixed price (the strike price of the call option) as of the valuation date of the option. Upon entering into the position, a premium is paid by the purchaser to the seller. When an index call option is exercised, the seller is required to deliver an amount of cash determined by the excess, if any, of the value of the index at contract termination over the strike price of the option. A call option on an individual security, such as an ETF, is a contract that entitles the purchaser to buy the security at a fixed price (the strike price of the call option) on or before the valuation date of the option in exchange for the payment of an up-front premium by the purchaser to the seller. When an individual call option is exercised, the seller is required to deliver the underlying security. If the option seller does not own the underlying security it may be required to purchase the security to meet the delivery requirements of the contract.

An index put option is a contract that entitles the purchaser to receive from the seller a cash payment equal to the amount of any decline in the value of the reference index below a fixed price (the strike price of the call option) as of the valuation date of the option. Upon entering into the position, a premium is paid by the purchaser to the seller. When an index put option is exercised, the seller is required to deliver an amount of cash determined by the shortfall, if any, of the value of the index at contract termination below the strike price of the option. A put option on an individual security, such as an ETF, is a contract that entitles the purchaser to sell the security at a fixed price (the strike price of the option in exchange for the payment of an up-front premium by the purchaser to the seller. When an individual put option is exercised, the seller is required to purchase the underlying security.

Amounts payable at settlement by a seller of index call and put spreads will equal the total payments made with respect to written calls and puts less the total payments received with respect to purchased calls and puts. If written calls and puts expire worthless, the Fund will neither pay nor receive settlement proceeds. If written calls or puts expire in-the-money, the Fund will be required to pay net proceeds at settlement equal to the difference between the amounts payable on written calls and amounts receivable, if any, on the associated purchased calls and puts.

The Fund may purchase put and call options or write "covered" put and call options on stock indices, interest rates and currencies in order to hedge against adverse market shifts or to potentially increase income or gain. In addition, the Fund may utilize options on currencies in order to hedge against currency exchange rate risks or to gain exposure to one or more currencies. A call option written by the Fund is "covered" so long as the Fund owns: (i) the underlying investment subject to the option; (ii) securities convertible or exchangeable without the payment of any consideration into the securities subject to the option; or (iii) a call option on the relevant security or currency with an exercise price no higher than the exercise price on the call option written. A put option written by the Fund is "covered" if the Fund has certain offsetting puts. Parties to options transactions must make certain payments and/or set aside certain amounts of assets in connection with each transaction.

Options positions are marked to market daily. The value of an option is affected by changes in the value and dividend rates of the securities represented in the index or the individual security linked to the option, changes in interest rates, changes in the actual or perceived volatility of the index or individual security linked to the option and the remaining time to the option's expiration, as well as trading conditions in the options market.

**<u>ETFs.</u>** A Fund may invest a portion of its assets in ETFs. Each Fund expects to generally invest in ETFs that represent an interest in a portfolio of securities selected to replicate a US equity index.

**Equities.** A Fund may invest in equity securities consistent with the Fund's investment objective and strategies. An equity security, or stock, represents a proportionate share of the ownership of a company; its value is based on the success of the company's business, any income paid to stockholders, the value of its assets, and general market conditions. Common stocks and preferred stocks are examples of equity securities. Equity securities, such as common stocks, represent shares of ownership of a corporation. Preferred stocks are equity securities that often pay dividends at a specific rate and have a preference over common stocks in dividend payments and liquidation of assets. Some preferred stocks may be convertible into common stock. Convertible securities are securities (such as debt securities or preferred stock) that may be converted into or exchanged for a specified amount of common stock of the same or different issuer within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula.

No assurance can be given that a Fund will achieve its investment objective, and investment results may vary substantially over time and from period to period.

The Funds are "non-diversified", which means that the Funds may invest a significant portion of their assets in a relatively small number of issuers. From time to time, the Funds may focus their investments in companies in one or more economic sectors. Economic sectors include multiple different industries. The Funds will not invest 25% or more of its assets in any one industry at the time of purchase.

# EACH FUND'S PRINCIPAL AND NON-PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT RELATED RISKS

Each Fund's investment objective and principal investment strategies are described above under **"INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND PRINCIPAL INVESTMENT STRATEGIES.**" This section provides additional information about the principal and non-principal risks that may affect each Fund's portfolio. Additional information about some of the Funds' investments and portfolio management techniques and their associated risks is included in the Funds' Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"), which is available without charge upon request (see back cover).

# What are the Principal Risks of Investing in the Funds?

There are inherent risks associated with each Fund's principal investment strategies. The factors that are most likely to have a material effect on a Fund's investment portfolio as a whole are called "principal risks." The principal risks of each Fund are summarized in each Fund's "Summary Section" above and further described below. The Funds may be subject to additional risks other than those described because, among other reasons, the types of investments made by the Funds may change over time. For additional information regarding risks of investing in the Funds, please see the Statement of Additional Information. It is important to read all the disclosure information provided and to understand that you may lose money by investing in the Funds.

**Market Risk**: The market price of a security or instrument may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as the impact of inflation on the economy, supply chain disruptions, real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions throughout the world, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates, natural disasters, war, the spread of infectious illness or other public issues, or adverse investor sentiment generally. The market value of a security or instrument also may decline because of factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

**Management Risk:** The Funds' success will depend on the management of the Adviser and on the skill and acumen of the Adviser's personnel.

**Options Risk:** The Funds may invest in options. Options transactions may be effected on securities exchanges or in the over-the-counter market. When options are purchased over-the-counter, the Funds bear the risk that the counter-party that wrote the option will be unable or unwilling to perform its obligations under the option contract. Such options may also be illiquid, and in such cases, the Funds may have difficulty closing out its option positions.

**Derivative Instruments Risk:** The Funds may invest in derivative instruments. These are financial instruments that derive their performance from the performance of an underlying asset, index, and interest rate or currency exchange rate. Derivatives can be volatile and involve various types and degrees of risks, depending upon the characteristics of a particular derivative. Derivatives may entail investment exposures that are greater than their cost would suggest, meaning that a small investment in a derivative could have a large potential impact on the performance of the Funds. The Funds could experience a loss if derivatives do not perform as anticipated, are not correlated with the performance of other investments that they are used to hedge or if the Funds are unable to liquidate a position because of an illiquid secondary market. The market for many derivatives is, or suddenly can become, illiquid. Changes in liquidity may result in significant, rapid and unpredictable changes in the prices for derivatives.

Equity Securities Risk: The Funds will invest in equity securities.

Equity securities represent ownership in a company. Stock markets are volatile. The price of equity securities will fluctuate and can decline and reduce the value of a portfolio investing in equity securities. The value of equity securities purchased by the Fund could decline if the financial condition of the companies the Fund invests in declines or if overall market and economic conditions deteriorate. The value of equity securities may also decline due to factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or an increase in production costs and competitive conditions within an industry.

In addition, the value may decline due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a company or industry, such as real or perceived adverse economic conditions, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates, natural disasters, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues, or generally adverse investor sentiment.

*ETF Liquidity Risk:* In certain circumstances, such as the disruption of the orderly markets for the securities or financial instruments in which an ETF invests, an ETF might not be able to dispose of certain holdings quickly or at prices that represent true market value in the judgment of the ETF investment managers. Such a situation may prevent an ETF from limiting losses, realizing gains or achieving a high correlation or inverse correlation with its underlying index.

**ETF and Shares of Other Investment Companies Risk:** The Funds may invest in shares of other investment companies, including ETFs, as a means to pursue its investment objective. As a result of this policy, your cost of investing in the Funds will generally be higher than the cost of investing directly in such investment companies. You will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by such investment companies in addition to the Funds' direct fees and expenses. Furthermore, the use of this strategy could affect the timing, amount and character of distributions to you and therefore may increase the amount of taxes payable by you. In addition to the risks of investing in an investment company, the price of an ETF can fluctuate within a wide range, and the Funds could lose money when investing in an ETF if the prices of the securities owned by the ETF go down. Additionally, the market price of the ETF's shares may trade at a discount to their net asset value, an active trading market for an ETF's shares may not develop or be maintained, and trading of an ETF's shares may be halted if the listing exchange's officials deem such action appropriate, the shares are de-listed from the exchange or the activation of market-wide "circuit breakers" (which are tied to large changes in stock prices) halts stock trading generally. Additionally, ETFs have management fees, which increase their cost.

**Non-Diversification Risk**: The Funds are classified as a "non-diversified" investment company under the 1940 Act, which means that each Fund may invest more of its assets in the securities of a single issuer or a smaller number of issuers than if it were a "diversified fund". To the extent a Fund invests a significant percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers, such Fund is subject to the risks of investing in those few issuers, and may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence. As a result, changes in the market value of a single security could cause greater fluctuations in the value of the Funds' shares than would occur in a diversified fund.

# What are the Non-Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund?

Other inherent risks associated with the Funds that are less likely to have a material effect on the Funds' investment portfolio as a whole are called "non-principal risks." The non-principal risks of the Funds are further described below and in the Statement of Additional Information. It is important to read all the disclosure information provided and to understand that you may lose money by investing in the Funds.

*Cyber Security Risk*: In connection with the increased use of technologies such as the Internet and the dependence on computer systems to perform necessary business functions, the Funds may be susceptible to operational, information security and related risks due to the possibility of cyber-attacks or other incidents. Cyber incidents may result from deliberate attacks or unintentional events. Cyber-attacks include, but are not limited to, infection by computer viruses or other malicious software code, gaining unauthorized access to systems, networks or devices that are used to service the Funds' operations through hacking or other means for the purpose of misappropriating assets or sensitive information, corrupting data or causing operational disruption. Cyber-attacks may also be carried out in a manner that does not require gaining unauthorized access, such as causing denial-of-service attacks (which can make a website unavailable) on the Funds' website. In addition, authorized persons could inadvertently or intentionally release confidential or proprietary information stored on the Funds' systems.

Cyber security failures or breaches by the Funds' third-party service providers (including, but not limited to, the Adviser, distributor, custodian, transfer agent and financial intermediaries) may cause disruptions and impact the service providers' and the Funds' business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, the inability of Fund shareholders to transact business and the mutual

funds to process transactions, inability to calculate the Funds' net asset value, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs and/or additional compliance costs. The Funds and their shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result of successful cyber-attacks against, or security breakdowns of, the Funds or their third-party service providers.

The Funds may incur substantial costs to prevent or address cyber incidents in the future. In addition, there is a possibility that certain risks have not been adequately identified or prepared for. Furthermore, the Funds cannot directly control any cyber security plans and systems put in place by third party service providers. Cyber security risks are also present for issuers of securities in which the Funds invest, which could result in material adverse consequences for such issuers, and may cause the Funds' investment in such securities to lose value.

Indirect Foreign Exposure and Foreign Security Risk: The Funds may invest in U.S. traded securities of companies that are organized under the laws of a foreign country or have significant business operations abroad. Such companies may be impacted by certain foreign exposure risks indirectly, including risks related to foreign currencies. Foreign currencies will fluctuate in value relative to the U.S. dollar, adversely affecting the value of a Fund's investments and its returns. Because each Fund's net asset value ("NAV") is determined on the basis of U.S. dollar, even if the market value of a Fund's holdings appreciates. Currency exchange rates can be affected unpredictably by the intervention or the failure to intervene by U.S. or foreign governments or central banks, or by currency controls or political developments in the U.S. or abroad. These risks will vary from time to time and from country to country especially if the country is considered an emerging market or developing country. In addition, Securities of foreign issuers may be less liquid, more volatile and harder to value than U.S. securities.

*Investment Focus Risk:* To the extent that a Fund focuses its investments in particular industries, classes or sectors (such as healthcare, technology, retail, financial services and business services) of the economy, any market price movements, regulatory or technological changes, or economic conditions affecting companies in those industries, asset classes or sectors will have a significant impact on the Fund's performance. The Funds will not concentrate their investments, as defined under the 1940 Act.

*Liquidity Risk:* From time to time, the trading market for a particular security or type of security in which the Funds invest may become less liquid or even illiquid. Reduced liquidity will have an adverse impact on the Funds' ability to sell such securities when necessary to meet the Funds' liquidity needs or in response to a specific economic event. Market quotations for such securities may be volatile.

**Managed Portfolio Risk:** The Adviser's investment strategies or choice of specific securities may be unsuccessful and may cause a Fund to incur losses.

**Small-Cap and Mid-Cap Company Risk:** The Funds focus on investments in small and midcapitalization companies. The securities of small-capitalization and mid-capitalization companies may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements and may have lower trading volumes or more erratic trading than securities of larger, more established companies or market averages in general. In addition, such companies typically are more likely to be adversely affected than largecapitalization companies by changes in earnings results, business prospects, investor expectations or poor economic or market conditions. **Swap Agreement Risk:** The Funds may enter into equity and index swap agreements. Swap agreements are two-party contracts entered into primarily by institutional investors for periods ranging from a few weeks to more than a year. In a standard swap transaction, two parties agree to exchange the returns earned on specific assets, such as the return on, or increase in value of, a particular dollar amount invested in a "basket" of securities representing a particular index. A swap contract may not be assigned without the consent of the counter-party, and may result in losses in the event of a default or bankruptcy of the counter-party.

# DISCLOSURE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

The Trust's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of each Fund's portfolio securities are described in the Funds' SAI.

# MANAGEMENT

Beacon Investment Advisory Services (the "Adviser"), subject to the authority of the Board of Trustees, furnishes continuing investment supervision to the Funds and is responsible for the management of each Fund's portfolio.

The Adviser is a full service financial services firm, offering investment management, financial planning, tax advisory, trust & estate, and private banking services to individuals and institutions.

The Adviser's principal address is 163 Madison Avenue, Suite 600, Morristown, NJ 07960.

Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement (the "Advisory Agreement") with the Adviser, each Fund pays the Adviser an annual management fee for each Fund based on the Fund's average daily net assets. The following table reflects each Fund's contractual investment advisory fee rate (expressed as an annual rate).

Fund	Contractual Advisory Fee (%)(annual rate)	Effective Investment Advisory Fee Rate (%) (for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023)
Beacon Accelerated Return Strategy Fund	1.00%	1.00%
Beacon Planned Return Strategy Fund	1.00%	1.00%

The management fee is paid on a monthly basis. The initial term of the Advisory Agreement was two years. The Board may extend the Advisory Agreement for additional one-year terms. The Board and shareholders of the Funds may terminate the Advisory Agreement upon thirty (30) days' notice. The Adviser may terminate the Advisory Agreement upon sixty (60) days' notice. A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's most recent approval of the Funds' Advisory Agreements was provided in the Funds' annual report to shareholders for the period ended September 30, 2023.

The Adviser has contractually agreed to limit the amount of each Fund's Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Rule 12b-1 Fees, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses, brokerage expenses, interest expenses, taxes and extraordinary expenses) to an annual rate, as set out below, of such Fund's average daily net assets.

Fund	Contractual Fee Waivers
Beacon Accelerated Return Strategy Fund	1.40%
Beacon Planned Return Strategy Fund	1.40%

This agreement is in effect through at least January 31, 2025, and will automatically continue upon annual approval by the board for successive twelve-month periods unless (i) it is terminated earlier by the Board of Trustees, or (ii) the Adviser provides at least 30 days written notice of its non-continuance prior to the end of the then effective term. Except due to the Adviser's notice of non-renewal, this Agreement may only be amended or terminated with the approval of the Board of Trustees of the Trust. The Adviser will be permitted to recover, on a class-by-class basis, expenses it has borne through the agreement described above (whether through reduction of its management fee or otherwise) only to the extent that the Fund's expenses in later periods do not exceed the lesser of (1) the contractual expense limit in effect at the time the Adviser waives or limits the expenses or (2) the contractual expense limit in effect at the time the Adviser seeks to recover the expenses; provided, however, that the Fund will not be obligated to pay any such deferred fees or expenses more than three years after the date on which the fee and expense was reduced.

# THE PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

The portfolio managers are primarily responsible for the day-to-day investment and reinvestment of the Funds' assets. The portfolio managers listed below have served as each Fund's portfolio managers since each Fund's inception. Information about the portfolio managers, including information about the portfolio managers' business experience, appears below. More information about the portfolio managers' compensation, other accounts managed by the portfolio managers, and the portfolio managers' ownership of securities in the Funds is included in the SAI.

Portfolio Managers	Past 5 Years' Business Experience
John Longo, Ph.D., Chief Investment Officer	Mr. Longo plays a key role in developing Beacon's macroeconomic outlook and serves as co-portfolio manager for several of the firm's investment products. He has over 25 years of investment management experience. He contributes to Beacon's thought leadership in the field of investment management and strategy by representing the firm, as invited speaker, at numerous financial related conferences throughout the world. Mr. Longo is also a Distinguished Professor of Finance at Rutgers Business School, and has taught in its undergraduate, MBA, Executive MBA, and International Executive MBA programs for more than 25 years. Previously, Mr. Longo was a Vice President at Merrill Lynch, where he played an instrumental role in creating and managing investment strategies for Merrill Lynch's Strategy Power product. Mr. Longo holds a Ph.D. and an M.B.A. in finance and a B.A. in computer science and economics, all from Rutgers University. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst ("CFA®") charterholder.
Christopher Shagawat, CFA, Senior Vice President	Mr. Shagawat is a Senior Vice President and Portfolio Manager at Beacon Trust. He is an active member of the Beacon Investment Advisory Services investment committee and is responsible for the development, implementation, and daily management of client portfolios. Mr. Shagawat is a co-manager of the firm's risk-controlled investment solutions, which utilize equity options to reduce volatility and enhance upside potential. He also contributes to model construction and due diligence efforts for the firm's open-architecture, third-party manager platform. Prior to joining Beacon, Christopher worked for Acertus Capital Management, a subsidiary of The MDE Group, as an investment analyst and trader. Mr. Shagawat graduated summa cum laude with a B.S. in finance from Rutgers Business School and is a CFA® charterholder.

# ADMINISTRATOR, DISTRIBUTOR AND TRANSFER AGENT OF THE FUNDS

ALPS Fund Services, Inc. (the "Administrator" or the "Transfer Agent") serves as the Funds' administrator, fund accountant and transfer agent. ALPS Distributors, Inc. ("ADI" or the "Distributor") serves as the Funds' distributor.

# **BUYING AND REDEEMING SHARES**

Each Fund currently offers Institutional Class Shares.

Institutional Class shares are typically offered only through certain types of financial intermediaries and to certain institutional investors. Institutional Class shares are also offered directly, via the Funds' transfer agent or through financial intermediaries. Such financial intermediaries may seek payment from a Fund or its service providers for the provision of distribution, administrative and/or shareholder retention services. Institutional investors may include, but are not limited to, corporations, retirement plans, public plans and foundations/endowments.

#### Shareholder Services Plan

Each Fund has adopted a non-Rule 12b-1 shareholder services plan (a "Services Plan") for Institutional Class shares which authorize each Fund to compensate select financial intermediaries and Fund affiliates an aggregate fee in an amount not to annually exceed 0.15% of the average daily net asset value of the Institutional shares of each Fund attributable to, or held in the name of, the financial intermediary for its clients as compensation for maintaining customer accounts that hold Fund shares. The Service Plan fee is compensation for providing, some or all of the following services: (i) establishing and maintaining Fund shareholder accounts, (ii) aggregating, processing and transmitting Fund shareholder orders and instructions regarding accounts, (ii) processing dividend and other distribution payments from each Fund on behalf of shareholders, (iv) preparing reports or forms on behalf of shareholders, (v) forwarding communications from each Fund to shareholders, and (vi) providing such other similar services as applicable statutes, rules or regulations permit. None of the aforementioned services includes distribution related services or activities. Any amount of the Services Plan fees not paid during the Funds' fiscal year for such services may be reimbursed to the applicable Fund.

#### **Payments to Financial Intermediaries and Other Arrangements**

The Adviser and/or its affiliates may enter into arrangements to make payments for additional activities to select financial intermediaries intended to result in the sale of Fund shares and/or other shareholder servicing activities out of the Adviser's own resources (which may include profits from providing advisory services to each Fund). These payments are often referred to as "revenue sharing payments" and the revenue sharing payment amount generally vary by financial intermediary. The aggregate amount of the revenue sharing payments are determined by the Adviser and may be substantial. Revenue sharing payments create no additional cost to each Fund or its applicable shareholders.

Revenue sharing payments may create an incentive for a financial intermediary or its employees or associated persons to recommend or sell shares of a Fund to you, rather than shares of another mutual fund. Please contact your financial intermediary's investment professional for details about revenue sharing payments it may be receiving.

#### Networking, Sub-Accounting and Administrative Fees

Select financial intermediaries may enter into arrangements with each Fund, or its designees, to perform certain shareholder servicing activities such as networking, recordkeeping, sub-accounting and/or administrative services for shareholders of each Fund. These actives are routinely processed through the National Securities Clearing Corporation's Fund/SERV and Trust Networking systems or similar systems. In consideration for providing these services in an automated environment, such financial intermediaries may receive compensation from each Fund. Any such compensation by each Fund to these select financial intermediaries for the aforementioned services are in addition to any 12b-1 related services provided to applicable Fund shareholders.

#### Investment Minimums

Each Fund offers one class of shares: Institutional Class shares. The Institutional Class shares are subject to a \$1,000,000 minimum and a minimum subsequent investment of \$1,000. Investors generally may meet the minimum investment amount by aggregating multiple accounts within the Funds if desired and if allowed by the relevant intermediary. Each Fund reserves the right to change the amount of these minimums from time to time or to waive them in whole or in part if, in the Adviser's or the Fund's opinion, the investor has adequate intent and availability of assets to reach a future level of investment in the Fund that is equal to or greater than the minimum. Moreover, each Fund may waive minimum investment amounts in Institutional Class shares with respect to investments by the Trust's officers or its Trustees. Investors may establish an Automatic Investment Plan (AIP) account or a Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) account; there are no subsequent investment minimums for investments in AIP or SWP accounts.

#### **Exceptions to Investment Minimums**

The following investors will not be subject to the Funds' investment minimums with respect to Institutional Class shares:

- Financial advisors and consultants whose clients aggregate over the investment minimums;
- Institutions that have a strategic investment advisory relationship with the Adviser;
- Employees of the Adviser and their immediate family members; and
- The Adviser's investment advisory clients.

The Adviser reserves the right to make additional exceptions or otherwise modify these exceptions at any time and to reject any investment for any reason.

#### **Buying and Redeeming Shares**

In order to buy, exchange or redeem shares at that day's net asset value, you must place your order with a Fund or its agent before the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") closes (normally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern time). If the NYSE closes early, you must place your order prior to the actual closing time. Orders received by financial intermediaries prior to the close of trading on the NYSE will be confirmed at the offering price computed as of the close of trading on the NYSE. It is the responsibility of the financial intermediary to ensure that all orders are transmitted in a timely manner to the Funds. Otherwise, you will receive the next business day's net asset value.

Investors may purchase, exchange or redeem Institutional Class shares of the Funds directly or through retirement plans, broker-dealers, bank trust departments, financial advisors or other financial intermediaries. Shares made available through full service broker-dealers may be available through wrap accounts under which such broker-dealers impose additional fees for services connected to the wrap account. Contact your financial intermediary or refer to your plan documents for instructions on how to purchase or redeem shares.

Investors may be charged a fee if they effect transactions through a broker or agent. The Funds have authorized one or more brokers to receive on its behalf purchase and redemption orders. Such brokers are authorized to designate other intermediaries to receive purchase and redemption orders on the Funds' behalf. The Funds will be deemed to have received a purchase or redemption order when an authorized broker or, if applicable, a broker's authorized designee, receives the order. Customer orders will be priced at the Funds' net asset value next computed after they are received by an authorized broker or the broker's authorized designee.

There is an annual pass through IRA and Coverdell Education Savings Account maintenance fee of \$10.00 that is charged by the IRA custodian on a per-account basis.

With certain limited exceptions, the Funds are available only to U.S. citizens or residents.

The Funds will generally accept purchases only in U.S. dollars drawn from U.S. financial institutions. Cashier's checks, third party checks, money orders, credit card convenience checks, cash or equivalents or payments in foreign currencies are not acceptable forms of payment. You may also contact the Funds to request a purchase of Fund shares using securities you own. The Funds reserve the right to refuse or accept such requests in whole or in part.

#### Sales Charge When You Purchase

Institutional Class shares do not charge an initial sales load.

#### **Redeeming Shares**

Redemptions, like purchases, may generally be effected only through retirement plans, broker-dealers, financial intermediaries and directly through the Funds. Please contact the Fund, your financial intermediary or refer to the appropriate plan documents for details. Your financial intermediary may charge a processing or service fee in connection with the redemption of shares.

#### **Redemption Payments**

In all cases, your redemption price is the net asset value per share next determined after your request is received in good order. "Good order" means that your redemption request includes: (i) the Fund name and account number; (ii) the amount of the transaction in dollars or shares; (iii) signatures of you and any other person listed on the account, exactly as the shares are registered; (iv) any certificates you are holding for the account; and (v) any supporting legal documentation that may be required.

Redemption proceeds typically will be sent within one to two business days but may take up to seven days. However, if you recently purchased your shares by check, your redemption proceeds will not be sent to you until your original check clears, which may take up to 10 days. The Funds typically pay redemptions from cash, cash equivalents, proceeds from the sale of Fund shares, or from the sale of portfolio securities. These redemption payment methods are expected to be used in regular and stressed market conditions.

Your redemption proceeds can be sent by check to your address of record or by wire transfer to a bank account designated on your application. Your bank may charge you a fee for wire transfers. Any request that your redemption proceeds be sent to a destination other than your bank account or address of record must be in writing and must include a Medallion signature guarantee. Please call 1-844-894-9222 for information on obtaining a Medallion signature guarantee.

The Funds are not responsible for losses or fees resulting from posting delays or non-receipt of redemption payments at your bank, when shareholder payment instructions are followed.

#### **Redemptions In-Kind**

Each Fund reserves the right to make a payment in securities rather than cash. If a Fund deems it advisable for the benefit of all shareholders that a redemption payment wholly or partly in-kind would be in the best interests of a Fund's remaining shareholders, the Fund may pay redemption

proceeds to you in whole or in part with securities held by the Fund. If a Fund decides to redeem inkind, the redeeming shareholder will generally receive pro-rata shares of the Fund's portfolio. These pro-rata shares would have similar characteristics to the Funds and will consist of any other pro-rata share of the securities held in the Funds. A redemption in-kind could occur under extraordinary circumstances, such as a very large redemption that could affect a Fund's operations (for example, more than 1% of a Fund's net assets). However, a Fund is required to redeem shares solely for cash up to the lesser of \$250,000 or 1% of the net asset value of a Fund during any 90-calendar day period for any one shareholder. Should redemptions by any shareholder exceed such limitation, the Funds will have the option of redeeming the excess in cash or in-kind. Securities used to redeem Fund shares will be valued as described in "How Fund Shares are Priced" below. A shareholder may pay brokerage charges on the sale of any securities received as a result of a redemption in-kind. Redemptions in-kind are taxed to a redeeming shareholder for federal income tax purposes in the same manner as cash redemptions. Securities received in a redemption in-kind are subject to market risk until sold.

# **Medallion Signature Guarantees**

Each Fund requires a Medallion signature guarantee on any written redemption over \$100,000 (but may require additional documentation or a Medallion signature guarantee on any redemption request to help protect against fraud) or for certain types of transfer requests or account registration changes. A Medallion signature guarantee may be obtained from a domestic bank or trust company, broker, dealer, clearing agency, savings association or other financial institution that is participating in a medallion program recognized by the Securities Transfer Association. The three "recognized" medallion programs are Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program (STAMP), Stock Exchanges Medallion Program (SEMP) and NYSE, Inc. Medallion Signature Program (NYSE MSP). Please call 1-844-894-9222 for information on obtaining a Medallion signature guarantee.

#### **Redemption Fees**

If you sell your shares after holding them 60 days or less, a 2% short-term redemption fee may be deducted from the redemption amount. For this purpose, shares held longest will be treated as being redeemed first and shares held shortest as being redeemed last. The fees are paid to the Funds and are designed to help offset the brokerage commissions, market impact and other costs associated with short-term shareholder trading.

The short-term redemption fee does not apply to: (i) redemptions of shares acquired by reinvesting dividends and distributions; (ii) rollovers, transfers and changes of account registration within a Fund as long as the money never leaves the Fund; and (iii) redemptions in-kind.

The Funds also permit waivers of the short-term redemption fee for the following transactions:

- Redemptions due to small balance maintenance fees;
- Redemptions related to death or due to a divorce decree;
- Certain types of IRA account transactions, including redemptions pursuant to systematic withdrawal programs, required minimum distributions, withdrawals due to disability or death, return of excess contribution amounts, and redemptions related to payment of custodian fees; and

 Certain types of employer-sponsored and 403(b) retirement plan transactions, including loans or hardship withdrawals, minimum required distributions, redemptions pursuant to systematic withdrawal programs, forfeiture of assets, return of excess contribution amounts, redemptions related to payment of plan fees, and redemptions related to death, disability or qualified domestic relations order.

The application of short-term redemption fees and waivers may vary among intermediaries and certain intermediaries may not apply the waivers listed above. If you purchase or sell Fund shares through an intermediary, you should contact your intermediary for more information on whether the short-term redemption fee will be applied to redemptions of your shares.

The Funds reserve the right to modify or eliminate the short-term redemption fee or waivers at any time. Investment advisers or their affiliates may pay short-term redemption fees on behalf of investors in managed accounts. Unitized group accounts consisting of qualified plan assets may be treated as a single account for redemption fee purposes.

The Funds have the right to suspend or postpone redemptions of shares for any period (i) during which the NYSE or exchange or market of any Index constituent is closed, other than customary weekend and holiday closings, (ii) during which trading on the NYSE or exchange or market of any Index constituent is restricted, or (iii) during which (as determined by the SEC or other regulatory authority by rule or regulation) an emergency exists as a result of which disposal or valuation of portfolio securities is not reasonably practicable, or as otherwise permitted by the SEC or other regulatory authority.

# SHARE TRANSACTIONS

# Share Certificates

The Funds do not issue share certificates.

# Frequent Purchases and Sales of Fund Shares

The Funds do not permit market timing or other abusive trading practices. Each Fund reserves the right, but does not have the obligation, to reject any purchase transaction at any time. In addition, each Fund reserves the right to suspend its offering of shares or to impose restrictions on purchases at any time that are more restrictive than those that are otherwise stated in this Prospectus with respect to disruptive, excessive or short-term trading.

Excessive short-term trading or other abusive trading practices may disrupt portfolio management strategies, increase brokerage and administrative costs and hurt Fund performance. The Board has adopted policies and procedures with respect to frequent purchases and redemptions and to seek to prevent market timing. To minimize harm to the Funds and their shareholders, each Fund reserves the right to reject, in its sole discretion, any purchase order from any investor it believes has a history of abusive trading or whose trading, in its judgment, has been or may be disruptive to the Fund. Such disruption may include trading that may interfere with the efficient management of the Fund, may materially increase the Fund's transaction costs, administrative costs or taxes, or may otherwise be detrimental to the interests of the Fund and its shareholders. Each Fund may also refuse purchase trading practices. In making this judgment, the Fund may consider trading done in multiple accounts under common ownership or control.

On a periodic basis, each Fund or its agents may review transaction history reports to identify redemptions that are within a specific time period from a previous purchase in the same account(s) in the Fund, or in multiple accounts that are known to be under common control. Redemptions meeting the criteria will be investigated for possible inappropriate trading.

Certain accounts, in particular omnibus accounts, include multiple investors and such accounts typically provide the Funds with a net purchase or redemption request on any given day. In these cases, purchases and redemptions of Fund shares are netted against one another and the identity of individual purchasers and redeemers whose orders are aggregated may not be known by the Fund. Therefore, it becomes more difficult for a Fund to identify market timing or other abusive trading activities in these accounts, and the Fund may be unable to eliminate abusive traders in these accounts from the Fund. Further, identification of abusive traders may also be limited by operational systems and technical limitations. To the extent abusive or disruptive trading is identified, each Fund will encourage omnibus account intermediaries to address such trading activity in a manner consistent with how the Fund would address such activity directly, if it were able to do so.

Due to the complexity and subjectivity involved in identifying market timing and other abusive trading practices, there can be no assurance that the Funds' efforts will identify all market timing or abusive trading activities. Therefore, investors should not assume that the Funds will be able to detect or prevent all practices that may disadvantage the Funds.

# Verification of Shareholder Transaction Statements

You must contact the Funds in writing regarding any errors or discrepancies within 60 days after the date of the statement confirming a transaction. A Fund may deny your ability to refute a transaction if it does not hear from you within 60 days after the confirmation statement date.

# Non-receipt of Purchase Wire/Insufficient Funds Policy

The Funds reserve the right to cancel a purchase if the check or electronic funds transfer does not clear your bank, or if a wire is not received by settlement date. You will be responsible for any fees charged to the Fund for insufficient funds (failed payment) and you may be responsible for any fees imposed by your bank as well as any losses that the Fund may incur as a result of the canceled purchase.

# How Fund Shares are Priced

The Board of Trustees has approved procedures to be used to value the Fund's assets for the purposes of determining the Fund's net asset value. The valuation of the assets of the Fund is determined in good faith by or under the direction of the Adviser as the valuation designee selected by the Board.

The Fund generally values its securities based on market prices determined at the close of regular trading on the NYSE (normally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) on each business day (Monday through Friday). The Fund will not value its securities on any day that the NYSE is closed, including the following observed holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Juneteenth, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. The Fund's currency valuations, if any, are done as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE (normally, 4:00 p.m. Eastern time). For equity securities that are traded on an exchange, the market price is usually the closing sale or official closing prices are not otherwise available, the market price is typically determined by independent third-party pricing vendors using a variety of pricing

techniques and methodologies. The market price for debt obligations is generally the price supplied by an independent third-party pricing service, which may use a matrix, formula or other objective method that takes into consideration market indices, yield curves and other specific adjustments. Short-term debt obligations that will mature in 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost, unless it is determined by the valuation designee that using this method would not reflect an investment's fair value. If vendors are unable to supply a price, or if the price supplied is deemed to be unreliable, the market price may be determined using quotations received from one or more brokers-dealers that make a market in the security.

When such prices or quotations are not available, or when the Adviser believes that they are unreliable, securities may be priced using fair value procedures approved by the Board. The Funds may determine the fair value of investments based on information provided by pricing services and other third-party vendors, which may recommend fair value prices or adjustments with reference to other securities, indices or assets. In considering whether fair value pricing is required and in determining fair values, a Fund may, among other things, consider significant events (which may be considered to include changes in the value of U.S. securities or securities) that occur after the close of the relevant market and before the Fund values its securities.

Valuing securities at fair value involves greater reliance on judgment than valuation of securities based on readily available market quotations. A fund that uses fair value to price securities may value those securities higher or lower than another fund using market quotations or its own fair value methodologies to price the same securities. There can be no assurance that a Fund could obtain the fair value assigned to a security if it were to sell the security at approximately the time at which the Fund determines its net asset value.

#### **Customer Identification Program**

To help the government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, federal law requires each Fund or its agents to obtain certain personal information from you (or persons acting on your behalf) in order to verify your (or such person's) identity when you open an account, including name, address, date of birth and other information (which may include certain documents) that will allow the Transfer Agent to verify your identity. If this information is not provided, the Transfer Agent may not be able to open your account. If the Transfer Agent is unable to verify your identity (or that of another person authorized to act on your behalf) shortly after your account is opened, or believes it has identified potential criminal activity, the Funds, the Distributor and the Transfer Agent each reserve the right to reject further purchase orders from you or to take such other action as they deem reasonable or required by law, including closing your account and redeeming your shares at their net asset value at the time of redemption.

If you are opening an account in the name of a legal entity (e.g., a partnership, business trust, limited liability company, corporation, etc.), you may be required to supply the identity of the beneficial owner or controlling person(s) of the legal entity prior to the opening of your account. The Fund may request additional information about you (which may include certain documents, such as articles of incorporation for companies) to help the Transfer Agent verify your identity.

# DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

*Income Dividends.* Income dividends are derived from net investment income (i.e., interest and other income, less any related expenses) each Fund earns from its portfolio securities and other investments. The Funds each intend to distribute any net income to shareholders annually.

*Capital Gain Distributions.* Capital gain distributions are derived from gains realized when a Fund sells a portfolio security. Long-term capital gains are derived from gains realized when a Fund sells a portfolio security it has owned for more than one year, and short-term capital gains are derived from gains realized when a portfolio security was owned for one year or less. The Funds intend to distribute amounts derived from capital gains to shareholders annually.

*Reinvested in Shares or Paid in Cash.* Dividends and distributions are reinvested in additional Fund shares unless you instruct the Transfer Agent to have your dividends and/or distributions paid by check and mailed to the address of record or transferred through an Automated Clearing House to the bank of your choice. You can change your choice at any time to be effective as of the next dividend or distribution, except that any change given to the Transfer Agent less than five days before the payment date will not be effective until the next dividend or distribution is made.

# FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

The following information is a general summary of U.S. federal income tax consequences of investments in the Funds for U.S. persons only, which include (i) U.S. citizens or residents, (ii) corporations organized in the United States or under the law of the United States or any state, (iii) an estate whose income is subject to U.S. federal income taxation of its source; or (iv) a trust, if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over its administration and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all of its substantial decisions, or trusts that have a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person. Shareholders that are partnerships or nonresident aliens, foreign trusts or estates, or foreign corporations may be subject to different U.S. federal income tax purposes (including an entity classified as a parst through entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes) is a beneficial owner of Fund shares, the tax treatment of an owner in the pass through entity will generally depend upon the status of the owner and the activities of the entity. You should rely on your tax adviser for advice about the particular federal, state and local tax consequences regarding your investment in the Funds.

This discussion assumes that the Funds will qualify under Subchapter M of the Code as regulated investment companies and will satisfy certain distribution requirements so that they are not generally subject to U.S. income tax. There can be no guarantee that these assumptions will be correct.

The Funds will not be subject to federal income taxes to the extent that they distribute substantially all of their net investment income and any net capital gains (in excess of any capital loss carryovers). The Funds expect to distribute substantially all of their ordinary income and net capital gain (in excess of any capital loss carryovers) to their shareholders every year. In turn, shareholders will be taxed on distributions they receive, unless the shares are held by certain types of tax-exempt organizations or through tax-advantaged accounts (such as 401(k) plan accounts or individual retirement accounts). Such arrangements are subject to special tax rules.

#### Income Dividends and Capital Gains

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, shareholders of a Fund are generally subject to taxation based on the underlying character of the income and gain recognized by the Fund and distributed to the shareholders. Distributions properly reported as net capital gain of a Fund will be taxable to Fund shareholders as long-term capital gain, regardless of how long shares of the Fund are held. A Fund may realize long-term capital gains when it sells or redeems a security that it has owned for more than one year and when it receives capital gain distributions from ETFs in which the Fund owns investments.

Generally, distributions of earnings derived from ordinary income and short-term capital gains will be taxable as ordinary income. Certain distributions of the Funds may result in "qualified dividend income," which will be taxable to individual and other non-corporate shareholders at favorable tax rate applicable to net long-term capital gains, provided that the shareholder receiving the dividend satisfies certain holding period requirements for his or her Fund shares, the applicable Fund satisfies certain holding period requirements for its investments in the stock producing such dividends and certain other requirements are satisfied. The amount of distributions from a Fund that will be eligible for the "gualified dividend income" lower tax rate, however, cannot exceed the amount of dividends received by a Fund that are qualified dividends (i.e., dividends from U.S. corporations or certain qualifying foreign corporations). Thus, to the extent that dividends from a Fund are attributable to other sources, such as taxable interest, fees from securities lending transactions, certain distributions from real estate investment trusts, Code section 988 transactions or are short-term capital gains, such dividends will not be eligible for the lower rate. However, if at least 95% of the Fund's "gross income" is from qualified dividends, then 100% of its distributions will be eligible for the lower rate. For these purposes, a Fund's gross income does not include gain from the disposition of stock or securities except to the extent that the net short-term capital gain from such dispositions exceeds the net long-term capital loss from such dispositions. Fund distributions are taxable regardless of whether they are paid in cash or reinvested in additional shares.

A Fund may realize short-term capital gains from the sale of investments that the Fund owned for one year or less. A Fund may realize ordinary income from distributions from exchange traded funds, from foreign currency gains, from interest on indebtedness owned by the Fund, and from other sources.

Some of the Funds' investments, such as certain option transactions, foreign currency contracts, and regulated futures transactions, may be "section 1256 contracts." Section 1256 contracts owned by a Fund generally will be treated for income tax purposes as if sold for their fair market values (i.e., "marked to market") on an annual basis and resulting gains or losses generally will be treated as 60% long-term capital gains or losses and 40% short-term capital gains or losses.

A Fund's investments in options and other derivatives (such as futures contracts and swaps) may change the amount, timing and character of distributions to shareholders. Such investments will be subject to special tax rules, which may accelerate taxable income to the Fund, shorten the holding period of the Fund's securities, convert short-term capital losses into long-term capital losses, or convert long-term capital gains into short-term capital gains resulting in distributions taxable as ordinary income to shareholders.

Fund distributions of earnings and gains are taxable to a shareholder even if they are paid from income or gains earned by a Fund prior to the shareholder's investment and thus were included in the price paid for the shares. Thus, a shareholder who purchases shares on or just before the record

date of a Fund distribution will pay full price for the shares and may receive a portion of his or her investment back as a taxable distribution. While in effect a return of capital to the shareholder, the distribution is still taxable even though the shareholder did not participate in these gains. An investor can avoid this by investing soon after a Fund has made a distribution.

Fund dividends paid to shareholders that are C corporations may be eligible for a 50% corporate dividends-received deduction to the extent that such dividends are attributable to qualifying dividends received from U.S. domestic corporations, subject to certain holding period requirements and debt-financing limitations.

If a Fund invests in stock of a real-estate investment trust (a "REIT"), it may be eligible to pay "section 199A dividends" to its shareholders with respect to certain dividends received by it from its investment in REITs. Section 199A dividends are taxable to individual and other non-corporate shareholders at a reduced effective federal income tax rate for taxable years beginning before 2026, provided that certain holding period requirements and other conditions are satisfied.

#### Sale or Redemption of Fund Shares

Shareholders of a Fund will recognize taxable gain or loss on a sale, exchange or redemption of shares of the applicable Fund, including an exchange of shares of one Fund for shares of another Fund, based on the difference between the shareholder's adjusted tax basis in the shares disposed of and the amount received for them. Generally, this gain or loss will be long-term if the shareholder's holding period for the shares disposed of exceeds 12 months, except that any loss realized on shares held for six months or less will be treated as a long-term capital loss to the extent of any capital gain dividends that were received on the shares. Any loss realized on a disposition of shares of a Fund may be disallowed under "wash sale" rules to the extent that the shares disposed of are replaced with other substantially identical shares of the same Fund within a period of 61 days beginning 30 days before the shares are disposed of, such as pursuant to a dividend reinvestment in shares of a Fund. If disallowed, the loss will be reflected in an adjustment to the basis of the shares acquired.

Any distributions on, sales, exchanges or redemptions of, shares held in an IRA (or other taxadvantaged plan) are generally not currently taxable. However, subsequent withdrawals from such a tax-advantaged investment plan will be subject to special tax rules.

*Cost-Basis reporting*. The Funds (or their administrative agent) generally must report to the IRS the gross proceeds from the sale of Fund shares. The Funds also must report to the IRS and furnish to Fund shareholders the cost basis information for Fund shares purchased on or after January 1, 2012, and sold on or after such date, and indicate whether such shares had a short-term or long-term holding period. These requirements do not apply to investments through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement plan. If a shareholder does not make an election among the available IRS-accepted cost basis methods, the Fund will use a default cost basis method for the shareholder. The cost basis method elected or applied may not be changed after the settlement date of a sale of Fund shares. Fund shareholders should consult with their tax advisers concerning the most desirable IRS-accepted cost basis method for their tax situation.

*Medicare Surtax.* A surtax of 3.8% will be imposed on net investment income (including ordinary dividends and capital gain distributions received from the Funds and net gains from redemptions or other taxable dispositions of Fund shares) of U.S. individuals, estates and trusts to the extent that such person's gross income as adjusted exceeds a threshold amount. Any liability for this additional tax will be reported on, and paid with, the shareholder's federal income tax return.

*Backup withholding.* A shareholder of a Fund may be subject to backup withholding on any distributions of income, capital gains, or proceeds from the sale or exchange of Fund shares if the shareholder (i) has failed to provide a correct taxpayer identification number, (ii) is identified by the IRS as otherwise subject to backup withholding, or (iii) has failed to certify that the shareholder is a U.S. person not subject to backup withholding. The backup withholding rate is 24% for tax years beginning before 2026.

*Foreign Taxes.* The Funds may be subject to foreign taxes or foreign tax withholding on dividends, interest and certain capital gains earned from their foreign security investments. Shareholders will generally be ineligible for any offsetting tax credit or tax deduction under U.S. tax laws for the shareholder's portion of a Fund's foreign tax obligations.

Annual Notifications. Each year, the Funds will notify shareholders of the tax status of dividends and distributions.

State and Local Income Taxes. Shareholders may also be subject to state and local income taxes on distributions and redemptions.

For more information, see the SAI under "FEDERAL INCOME TAXES." Investors should consult with their tax advisers regarding the U.S. federal, foreign, state and local tax consequences of an investment in the Funds.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand the financial performance of the Funds for each fiscal period shown. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned on an investment in the Funds (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information has been audited by Cohen & Company, Ltd. ("Cohen") the Funds' independent registered public accounting firm. Cohen's report, along with the Funds' financial statements, is included in the Funds' annual report, which is available upon request and free of charge by calling the Funds at 1-844-894-9222.

## Beacon Accelerated Return Strategy Fund – Institutional Class

For a Share Outstanding Throughout the Period Presented

For a Snare Outstanding	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended , September 30, 2022	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended September 30, 2020	For the Year Ended September 30, 2019
NET ASSET VALUE, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	\$ 7.66	\$ 11.66	\$ 10.74	\$ 10.15	\$ 11.30
INCOME/(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS: Net investment loss <sup>(a)</sup> Net realized and unrealized	(0.10)	(0.12)	(0.14)	(0.12)	(0.11)
gain/(loss) on investments Total from investment operations	<u>    1.99</u> 1.89	(1.46)	<u>    1.93</u> 1.79	<u>    1.15</u> 1.03	0.37
LESS DISTRIBUTIONS: From net realized gains on investments Return of capital Total Distributions NET INCREASE/		(2.38) (0.04) (2.42)	(0.87)	(0.44)	(1.41)
(DECREASE) IN NET ASSET VALUE NET ASSET VALUE, END OF PERIOD	<u>    1.89</u> \$    9.55	(4.00) \$7.66	0.92 \$_11.66	0.59 \$_10.74	(1.15) \$_10.15
TOTAL RETURN <sup>(b)</sup>	24.67%	(18.13)%	17.42%	10.32%	5.09%
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA: Net assets, end of period (in 000s)	\$ 87,312	\$ 77,602	\$119,714	\$116,041	\$119,042
RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS Operating expenses <sup>(c)</sup> Net investment loss	1.27% (1.11%)	1.23% (1.21%)	1.22% (1.22%)	1.22% (1.21%)	1.20% (1.16%)
PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATE <sup>(d)</sup>	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

<sup>(a)</sup> Calculated using the average shares method.

- <sup>(b)</sup> Assumes an initial investment on the business day before the first day of the fiscal period, with all dividends and distributions reinvested in additional shares on the reinvestment date, and redemption at the net asset value calculated on the last business day of the fiscal period. Total returns are for the period indicated and have not been annualized. Returns shown do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption of Fund shares.
- (e) According to the Fund's shareholder services plan with respect to the Fund's Institutional Class shares, any amount of fees accrued according to the plan but not paid during the Fund's fiscal year for such service activities shall be reimbursed to the Fund as soon as practical. Fees were reimbursed to the Fund during the years ended September 30, 2023, September 30, 2022, September 30, 2021, September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019, respectively, in the amount of 0.00%, 0.00%, 0.00%, 0.00% and 0.14% of average net assets of Institutional Class shares.
- <sup>(d)</sup> All securities whose maturity or expiration date at time of acquisition were one year or less are excluded from the portfolio turnover calculation.

## Beacon Planned Return Strategy Fund – Institutional Class

For a Share Outstanding T	Throughout the Period Presented
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For a Snare Ouistanaing	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended ), September 30, 2022	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended September 30, 2020	For the Year Ended September 30, 2019
NET ASSET VALUE, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	\$ 8.72	\$ 11.13	\$ 10.49	\$ 10.44	\$ 10.73
INCOME/(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS: Net investment loss <sup>(a)</sup> Net realized and unrealized	(0.11)	(0.12)	(0.13)	(0.12)	(0.11)
gain/(loss) on investments Total from investment operations	<u>    1.91</u> 1.80	<u>(0.85</u> ) (0.97)	<u> </u>	0.85	0.62
LESS DISTRIBUTIONS: From net realized gains on investments Return of capital Total Distributions NET INCREASE/		(1.41) (0.03) (1.44)	(0.54)	(0.68)	(0.80)
(DECREASE) IN NET ASSET VALUE NET ASSET VALUE, END OF PERIOD	1.80 \$ 10.52	(2.41) \$ 8.72	0.64	0.05 \$ 10.49	(0.29) \$ 10.44
TOTAL RETURN <sup>(b)</sup>	20.64%	(10.41%)	11.53%	7.21%	5.77%
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA: Net assets, end of period (in 000s)	\$352,184	\$306,278	\$362,773	\$315,389	\$306,524
RATIOS TO AVERAGE NET ASSETS Operating expenses <sup>(c)</sup> Net investment loss	1.21% (1.14%)	1.19% (1.18%)	1.19% (1.19%)	1.20% (1.19%)	1.17% (1.13%)
PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATE <sup>(d)</sup>	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

<sup>(a)</sup> Calculated using the average shares method.

- <sup>(b)</sup> Assumes an initial investment on the business day before the first day of the fiscal period, with all dividends and distributions reinvested in additional shares on the reinvestment date, and redemption at the net asset value calculated on the last business day of the fiscal period. Total returns are for the period indicated and have not been annualized. Returns shown do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on Fund distributions or the redemption of Fund shares.
- (e) According to the Fund's shareholder services plan with respect to the Fund's Institutional Class shares, any amount of fees accrued according to the plan but not paid during the Fund's fiscal year for such service activities shall be reimbursed to the Fund as soon as practical. Fees were reimbursed to the Fund during the years ended September 30, 2023, September 30, 2022, September 30, 2021, September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019, respectively, in the amount of 0.00%, 0.00%, 0.00%, 0.00% and 0.14% of average net assets of Institutional Class shares.
- <sup>(d)</sup> All securities whose maturity or expiration date at time of acquisition were one year or less are excluded from the portfolio turnover calculation.

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## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FUNDS

### Shareholder Reports

Annual and semi-annual reports to shareholders provide additional information about the Funds' investments. These reports discuss the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Funds' performance during its last fiscal year.

### Statement of Additional Information

The Statement of Additional Information provides more detailed information about the Fund. It is incorporated by reference into (is legally a part of) this Prospectus.

### **Householding Relationships**

The Fund sends only one report to a household if more than one account has the same address. Contact the Transfer Agent if you do not want this policy to apply to you.

### How to Obtain Additional Information

You can obtain shareholder reports or the statement of additional information (without charge), make inquiries or request other information about the Funds by contacting the Transfer Agent at 1-844-894-9222, by writing the Funds at Beacon Accelerated Return Strategy Fund or Beacon Planned Return Strategy Fund, P.O. Box 1920, Denver, CO 80201, or by calling your financial consultant. This information is also available free of charge on the Fund's website at <u>www.beacontrust.com</u>.

The Funds' shareholder reports, prospectus and statement of additional information and other information about the Funds are available on the EDGAR Database on the Commission's Internet site at http://www.sec.gov, and copies of this information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

If someone makes a statement about the Funds that is not in this Prospectus, you should not rely upon that information. Neither the Funds nor the Distributor is offering to sell shares of the Funds to any person to whom the Funds may not lawfully sell its shares.

(Investment Company Act file no. 811-22747)

# **Beacon Investment Funds**

This material must be preceded by a prospectus. The Beacon Investment Funds are distributed by ALPS Distributors, Inc.